



# Dnyansagar Coaching Classes, A'nagar

Std. - XII

## UNIT TEST

Time - 1 hrs

Sub- Chemistry-I

(Chemical-thermodynamics)

Max Marks - 20

- Note :-**
- All questions are compulsory
  - Give balanced equation & Draw neat and labelled diagram whenever necessary.

**Q.1. Select and write the most appropriate answer from given alternatives in each sub question. (04)**

- The heat of formation of an element is ..**
  - infinite
  - zero
  - 100 kcal
  - 200 kcal
- A system, which can exchange mass as well as energy with its surroundings is called as**
  - isolated system
  - open system
  - closed system
  - inert system
- In a cyclic process, work is always**
  - zero
  - maximum
  - minimum
  - not equal to zero
- A process which proceeds infinitesimally slowly is called :**
  - irreversible
  - reversible
  - isothermal
  - adiabatic

**Q 2. Attempt any FOUR of the following : (08)**

- Distinguish between isothermal and adiabatic process.
- Obtain relation between  $\Delta H$  and  $\Delta E$  in as isochoric process.
- Derive Mathematical expression for enthalpy change.
- Explain  $C_p - C_v = R$ .
- Prove that internal energy is a state function.

**Q.3 A) Answer any ONE of the following. (4)**

- Obtain an expression for the maximum work is obtained in an isothermal reversible process.
- What is first law of thermodynamics ? Deducethe mathematical expression of the first law of themodynamics for the following processes. a) isothermal process b) isochoric process

**B) Attempt any TWO the following. (04)**

- Calculate the difference in molar heat capacities for the following reaction.  

$$2\text{CO}_{(g)} + \text{O}_{2(g)} = 2\text{CO}_{2(g)}$$
 Given that  $\Delta H$  at 298 K and 2000K are -565.98 kJ and -557.17 kJ respectively.
- Calculate the workdone, when 2-moles of an ideal gas are compressed at 300k from  $5\text{dm}^3$  to  $500\text{cm}^3$  against a constant press of  $3.2 \times 10^5 \text{ NM}^{-2}$  (1 Joule = 0.239 cal).
- Calculate the work done when  $2.2 \times 10^{-2} \text{ kg}$  of  $\text{CO}_2$  at 300k are compressed isothermally and reversibly till the pressure is doubled. ( $R = 8.314 \text{ JK}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$ )

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